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IJTIMOIY HAYOTDAGI ASOSIY MUQOBIL MASALALARNING TASNIFI VA TAVSIFI

КЛАССИФИКАЦИЯ И ОПИСАНИЕ ОСНОВНЫХ АЛЬТЕРНАТИВНЫХ ПРОБЛЕМ
ОБЩЕСТВЕННОЙ ЖИЗНИCLASSIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE MAIN ALTERNATIVE ISSUES IN
SOCIAL LIFEAbdurakhmanov Vokhidjon 

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Annotatsiya

Ushbu maqolada muqobil so'roq gaplarning o'zbek tilshunosligidagi o'rni, o'rganilganlik tarixi va tasniflanishi jihatdan o'rganilganligi yoritilgan. Oddiy ha'yo'q muqobillaridan kengroq tanlovlar va o'rnatilgan variantlarga muqobil so'roq jumalari imtiyozlarni ifodalash, ma'lumot izlash va ingliz tilidagi muloqotda qaror qabul qilishni osonlashtirish uchun ko'p qirrali vositani taklif etadi.

Аннотация

В данной статье изучено место альтернативных вопросительных предложений в узбекском языкознании, история их изучения, а также их классификация. Альтернативные вопросительные предложения выражают предпочтения: от простых альтернатив «да/нет» до более широкого выбора и встроенных вариантов. Эти вопросительные предложения представляют собой универсальный инструмент, облегчающий поиск информации и принятие решений в общении на английском языке.

Abstract

In this article, the place of alternative interrogative sentences have been studied in Uzbek linguistics, the history of their study, and their classification.

From simple yes/no alternatives to broader choices and embedded options, alternative interrogative sentences express preferences.

These interrogative sentences offer a versatile tool to facilitate information seeking and decision-making in English communication.

Kalit so'zlar: muqobil so'roq gaplar, tasnifi, tuzilishi va vazifasi, qarama-qarshi variantlar, ajratuvchi savollar, dumli savollar, yashirin tanlovlar, o'rnatilgan muqobil savollar, matn tuzish.

Ключевые слова: альтернативные вопросительные предложения, классификации, структура и функции, противоположные варианты, разделительные вопросы, теги вопросов, имплицитный выбор, встроенные альтернативные вопросы, формирование текста.

Key words: alternative interrogative sentences, classifications, structure and function, opposite options, disjunctive questions, tag questions, implicit choices, embedded alternative questions, text formation.

INTRODUCTION

In modern society, individuals are constantly faced with a variety of alternative choices and decisions that shape their social lives. These alternative issues cover a variety of areas, from career paths and educational opportunities to family building and recreational activities. Understanding the nature and types of alternative issues in social life is important for making rational choices for individuals and effectively managing the complexities of society.

Types of main alternative issues in social life

1. Vocational and educational alternatives
2. Family and personal relationship alternatives (blended and single parent families)
3. Living and lifestyle alternatives (intentional and foreign communities)
4. Leisure and recreational alternatives
5. Financial and resource allocation alternatives

Vocational and educational alternatives

One of the main areas of alternative issues is the professional and educational sphere. Individuals are faced with choices such as choosing a career path, choosing a particular field of study, pursuing higher education, or changing careers throughout life. These alternatives can have a significant impact on an individual's financial stability, employment rate, and personal development.

Family and personal relationship alternatives

An important area of alternative issues in social life is the area of family and personal relationships. Individuals face choices about marriage, family planning, parenting, and managing personal relationships. These alternatives can have profound effects on an individual's emotional well-being, social relationships, and quality of life. When single parents decide to marry or cohabit, this creates a new, blended family that consists of stepparents, stepchildren and/or half-siblings. This can lead to adjustment for all family members, as not only does it involve acclimating to living with new people, it also involves shifting interpersonal dynamics. At the same time, children in blended families experience that it is not blood relatives necessarily, but love and respect that truly make a healthy family. Children's support networks can also expand with blended families. Furthermore, kids are able to adjust to changes such as divorce and remarriage if authoritative parenting strategies are used. Single-parent households are now very common, with 26% of children having single parents. In the U.S. and across the globe, divorce has become more common and accepted, whereas in the past it was considered very taboo. Besides divorce, other ways single-parent families are created is when people really want to be parents, but they either don't want to be married or in a long-term relationship, or they haven't found the right partner. Single parents often pursue parenthood through adoption or in vitro fertilization. The challenge for single parents is managing parenting and the household on their own. However, there are benefits for both single parents and their kids. Many have become single parents because they were able to leave unhealthy or abusive marriages and thus, also removed their children from abusive environments.

LIVING AND LIFESTYLE ALTERNATIVES

Where and how individuals live also reveals a wide range of alternative issues. Choice of place of residence, type of housing, and lifestyle options such as urban or rural living can significantly affect an individual's social connections, resources, and interests. The mother of all alternative lifestyles! There is a community out there for everyone, just choose your interest. Some are stranger than others, and in some you may need to be on guard for funny behavior, but joining an intentional community can change your life quickly. Communities may be focused on permaculture, religion, nudity, living off the grid, survival skills, polyamory, extra-terrestrials, and many variations of counterculture beliefs. *Caveat emptor!* Go at your own risk, but have a blast! Of course, there's always the big move. As they say, wherever you go, there you are. Why not be in Buenos Aires? Foreign destinations can offer inexpensive living with a very different lifestyle than what you're used to. Malaysia, Indonesia, Berlin, Central America, and spots in Mexico and South America are popular. In some locales you'll find an active ex-pat community if you want to be around those with a similar background and language to yourself. In others, you may need to blend in more with local culture. The idea here is to stretch your money as far as it will go while truly enjoying life. Want to live near a tropical beach? Own your own ranch? Not be burdened by a mortgage? If you can afford a plane ticket and can bring some savings with you, you might afford yourself several years in a wonderfully different culture. **These two ways of living offer those seeking change many options to experience life outside the mainstream.** They can be great respites for a while, or become a permanent lifestyle. Always know that you have options in how you live. You don't have to feel stuck by the parameters of modern society. **You can choose a life that helps you be happy, have less stress, and fits with what you value and enjoy.** Go out there and have an adventure!

LEISURE AND RECREATION ALTERNATIVES

Recreational tourism is the movement of people in their free time for recreation, which is necessary to restore the physical and mental strength of a person. For many countries of the world, this type is the most common. Many recreational resources have been created for the development of this type of tourism. How individuals spend their leisure time and participate in

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recreational activities also raises questions of alternativity. Choices about hobbies, travel, social activities, and personal interests can have a major impact on an individual's work-life balance, personal development, and social connections. By getting involved in recreational and leisure activities, hope for the future will be created.

Participants should be able to deal with challenges and be exposed to a wide range of possibilities and visions for their lives (Coakley, 2002). Recreational programmes create capacity for social inclusion (Coakley, 2002). Researchers have identified that defining and measuring social inclusion remains a concept that needs to be dealt with; the emphasis of their findings was that without inclusion recreation cannot occur, however real benefits derive from social control motivated programmes, potentials have been released from children and youth barring good education and showing sincere leadership abilities. Coakley (2002) indicates that the main support for inclusion processes is found in settings where young people are part of a club structure that is non-hierarchical, and where activities are not exclusively based on power and performance models.

Donnelly and Coakley (2002) have identified the cornerstones of social inclusion:

1. **Valued recognition:** recognition being respect on individuals and groups. Children's development need to be recognized, the disabled and support of gender and cultural differences must be valued and recognised, they indicate that there should be universal programs like common health care and support of community schools.

2. **Human development:** there must be nurturing of talents, skills, capacities and choices of children and adults to be able to live life with satisfaction. Programs for human development that include; community child care, recreation for children, separating of people and elimination of boundaries should be core for social inclusion.

3. **Involvement and engagement:** Families and the community should have a right and necessary support to make decisions affecting one-self, there must be youth engagement in community life, parental input in decisions affecting their children. Citizen engagement in municipal policy decisions and democratic political participation.

4. **Proximity:** sharing social and physical space, provide opportunities for interaction, reducing of social distances between people, this includes sharing public space such as parks and libraries, integrated schools and classrooms.

5. **Material well-being:** there must be material resources to allow children and their parents to participate fully in community life. This includes being safe and having adequate income.

Financial and resource allocation alternatives

Individuals also face alternatives in managing their financial resources and asset allocation. Even the distribution of people's monthly salary is based on direct alternative. For example, when buying beef or chicken, when buying cottonseed oil or pistachio oil, there is a price and quantity alternative. Decisions about savings, investments, consumption patterns, and resource allocation can have long-term consequences for an individual's economic security, social status, and personal well-being. In this study, the commonly used indicators in compiling the formula of allocating financial resources were examined. Need-based formulas, as more equitable allocations of health budgets to geographical areas of a health system, are increasingly used in recent years as an alternative for the historical methods [8, 22, 41, 42]. To develop a need-based formula, it is important to have a practical definition of justice at first [34]. In other words, defining a need-based approach is known as the first essential step in selecting the indicators "necessity and need to compile a formula for allocating need-based resources" [43]. According to Starfield, justice is defined as "No difference in access to health services for equal health needs or greater access for the population defined in terms of social, demographic or geographical statuses with greater health needs". In general, as described earlier in the findings section, there are various indicators of the need for health care services. However, there are serious limitations and disagreements related to the selection of indicators owing to the previously emphasized criteria and assumptions, the absence of enough research evidence on the appropriate factors, lack of dependence and legitimacy of the need factors, and lack of proper and relevant information on the potential need indicators.

Summary. First of all, the concept of alternative in each person's life is different and he classifies alternative based on his personal conclusions. Categorizing and describing the main alternative issues in social life shows the complex nature of the choices and decisions that individuals face throughout their lives. Understanding the diversity of alternative issues and their potential consequences is an important factor in individuals making rational choices, effectively managing societal complexities, and realizing the common good and personal goals.

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